

CONNECTICUT

1. HOW MANY INCISORS DOES THE HORSE HAVE?
 - A. 12 INCISORS (6 UPPER AND 6 LOWER)
 - S. 19.6316-7 CN AYHC 405-1

2. 6 PARTS - NAME SIX OF THE MATERIALS THAT BITS ARE MADE OF.
 - A. 1. STAINLESS STEEL 6. RUBBER
2. GERMAN SILVER 7. VULCANITE
3. SOLID NICKEL 8. HAPPY MOUTH
4. COPPER (apple flavored soft
5. ALUMINUM rubber)
 - S. 19.6510 - 19.657 CN AYHC 1100-10

FLORIDA

3. NAME THE FOUR-WHEELED COVERED CARRIAGE WITH A CONVERTIBLE TOP, THAT ALLOWED EITHER END OR BOTH ENDS TO BE LET DOWN, PROVIDING A THREE-WAY CONVERTIBLE TOP. IT PROVIDED SEATING FOR FOUR PEOPLE AND WAS DRAWN BY TWO HORSES.
 - A. LANDAU
 - S. 19.6319-6 FL HH6 339

4. 2 PART - WHAT IS A HIMPALIEIN AND WHAT TYPE OF CLASS WILL YOU FIND IT IN?
 - A. 1. HIMPALIEIN - INDIAN WAR BRIDLE / CHIN REIN
2. CLASS - INDIAN COSTUME CLASSES
 - S. 19.6319-4 FL HH6 95

ILLINOIS

9. NAME THE QUARTER HORSE TYPE PONY THAT MEASURES 46" - 58" OR 11.2 TO 14.2 HANDS HIGH.

A. QUARTER PONY

S. 19.614-3 ILL HH6 111

10. 3 PARTS - NAME THE THREE SEGMENTS OF THE EPIDIDYMIS.

A. 1. HEAD (CAPUT) 3. TAIL (CAUDA)
2. BODY (CORPUS)

S. 19.611-2 ILL AYHC 920-4

INDIANA

11. WHAT PERCENT OF THE PHOSPHORUS IN THE HORSE'S BODY IS CONTAINED IN IT'S SKELETON?

A. 80% PHOSPHORUS

S. 19.670 IN TH2 228

12. NAME THREE FORMS OF BOTULISM OBSERVED IN HORSES.

A. 1. SHAKER FOAL SYNDROME 3. FORAGE POISONING
2. WOUND BOTULISM

S. 19.62-31 IN AYHC 445-8

KENTUCKY

13. NAME THE TYPE OF NUTRIENTS THAT NEED TO BE ADDED TO A HORSE RATION, IF YOU ARE ATTEMPTING TO FIT THE HORSE OR TO INCREASE IT'S WEIGHT.

A. ENERGY NUTRIENTS / CARBOHYDRATES AND FATS

S. 19.670 KY HH6 177

KENTUCKY continued

14. 2 PARTS - GIVE TWO REASONS THAT SCIENTIST BELIEVE, CAUSED THE DEMISE OF HORSES FROM THE NORTH AMERICAN CONTINENT, IN THE VERY EARLY HISTORY OF THE HORSE.
- A. 1. CONTAGIOUS DISEASE 3. ACTS OF MAN
 2. FATAL PARASITES 4. DEPLETION OF FOOD SOURCES
- S. 19.610 KY HH6 1

MARYLAND

15. 2 PARTS - NAME TWO ANCIENTNESS THAT OCCUR WHEN A HORSE IS LANDING ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE HOOF WALL.
- A. 1. RING BONE 2. SIDE BONE 3. HEEL BRUISING
- S. 19.634-3 MD AYHC 230-2, 3
16. 3 PART - GIVE THREE REASONS FOR A HORSE BEING PRE-DISPOSED TO NAVICULAR DISEASE.
- A. 1. HEREDITY
 2. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS
 3. INFLAMMATION OF LEGS AND FEET
 4. FEET TO SMALL FOR SIZE OF HORSE
 5. LACK OF CONDITIONING FOR PERFORMANCE
 6. STRENUOUS ATHLETIC ACTIVITY
- S. 19.62-1 MD AYHC 540-4

MASSACHUSETTS

17. NAME THE PART OF THE HORSE THAT HAS THE GREATEST INFLUENCE ON THE BALANCE OF THE HORSE.
- A. SLOPE OF THE SHOULDER
- S. 19.634-1 MA AYHC 950-3

MASSACHUSETTS continued

18. 3 PARTS - NAME THREE PARTS OF THE HORSE'S TOP LINE.

- A. 1. WITHERS 3. LOIN/COUPLING
 2. BACK 4. CROUP

S. 19.634-1 AYHC 220-6

MICHIGAN

19. DEFINE PERISTALSIS.

- A. WAVE-LIKE CONTRACTIONS OF THE INTESTINAL WALLS
 THAT MOVES FOOD THROUGH THE HORSE'S ALIMENTARY
 CANAL

S. 19.6316-1 MI IVE 698 - 488 EQ 53

MICHIGAN continued

20. GIVE ONE REASON FOR, WHY, WE SHOULD BE CONCERNED IF THE HORSE BARN OR STABLE HAS HIGH HUMIDITY AND IS EITHER TOO HOT OR TOO COLD.

- A. 1. HARMFUL TO THE HORSE'S RESPIRATORY SYSTEM
 2. ALLOWS FOR INHALATION OF PATHOGENS

S. 19.6316-1 MI AYHC 320-1

MISSISSIPPI

21. WHAT SINGLE UNIT IN THE HORSE'S SKELETON CONTAINS 34 BONES.

- A. THE HORSE'S SKULL

S. 19.6316-3 MS HH6 23

MISSISSIPPI continued

22. 3 PARTS - DESCRIBE THREE THINGS THAT YOU SHOULD TEACH A YEARLING.
- A. 1. THE MEANING OF "WHOA" 4. TO GET USED TO SADDLE
2. LEARN IT'S NAME BLANKET
3. TO STAND HOBBLLED 5. TO GET USE TO
SADDLE
- S. 19.62-9 MS HH6 314

MISSOURI

23. HOW MUCH TIME, IN A 24 HOUR DAY, DOES A PASTURED HORSE SPEND GRAZING?
- A. 10 TO 18 HOURS AVERAGE / 40% TO 60% PER 24 HORS
- S. 19.670 MO HH6 302 (12 to 18 hrs per 24 hrs.)
LL2 104 (40% to 60% per 24 hrs.)
(14 to 16 hrs. per day)
AYHC 425-5 (80% per 24 hrs.)
(10 to 12 hrs. per day)

24. 2 PARTS - NAME TWO FEATURES OF THE HORSE'S SOCIAL STRUCTURES.
- A. 1. SOCIAL ORDER (DOMINANCE)
2. LEADER-FOLLOWER
3. INTERSPECIES RELATIONSHIPS
4. ANIMAL-PEOPLE RELATIONSHIPS
- S. 19.62-8 MO HH6 306

NEW HAMPSHIRE

25. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF A BALLING GUN?
- A. USED TO HORSE LARGE PILLS OR BOLUSES
- S. 19.62-3 NH EQ 10

NEW YORK continued

30. NAME THE TYPE OF TISSUE THAT COVERS THE HORSE'S BONES, EXCEPT AT POINTS OF ARTICULATION.
- A. PERIOSTEUM
- S. 19.6316-3 NY THE 90 IVE 698

NORTH CAROLINA

31. NAME THE TENDON THAT HOLDS THE NAVICULAR BONE IN PLACE.
- A. DEEP FLEXOR TENDON
- S. 19.6316-1 NC IVE 29
32. HOW MANY VERTEBRAE ARE THERE IN EACH REGION OF THE HORSE'S SPINAL COLUMN?
- | | <u>REGIONS</u> | <u>VERTEBRAE</u> |
|----|----------------|----------------------------|
| A. | 1. CERVICAL | 1. (7) |
| | 2. THORACIC | 2. (18) (17-19 not rare) |
| | 3. LUMBAR | 3. (5) (6 are not unusual) |
| | 4. SACRAL | 4. (5) |
| | 5. COCCYGEAL | 5. (18) (usually) |
- S. 19.6316-3 NC TH2 96

OHIO

33. WHAT TYPE OF RACE HORSE WEARS SCALPELS ON IT'S REAR FETLOCKS?
- A. TROTTERS
- S. 19.6319-9 OH HH6 337

OHIO continued

34. 4 PARTS - NAME FOUR WAYS TO ESTIMATE A HORSE'S AGE.

- A. 1. OCCURRENCE OF DECIDUOUS
2. OCCURRENCE OF PERMANENT TEETH
2. DISAPPEARANCE OF CUPS
3. ANGLE OF INCIDENCE
4. SHAPE OF THE SURFACE OF PERMANENT TEETH
5. GALVAYNE'S GROOVE

S. 19.6316-7 OH AYHC 240-1

PENNSYLVANIA

35. WHAT TERM DESCRIBES THE STARTING POINT OF A HORSE RACE?

- A. POST POSITION

S. 19.6319-9 PA HH6 424

36. 2 PARTS - DESCRIBE TWO CAUSES OF WINDPUFFS.

- A. 1. HEAVY WORKLOAD
2. PERIOD OF HEAVY TRAINING
FOLLOWED BY SUDDEN REST
- 3. POOR NUTRITION IN
YOUNG HORSES

S. 19.62-31 PA IVE 108

TENNESSEE

37. NAME THE MOST IMPORTANT SINGLE JOINT IN THE HORSE'S BODY.

- A. HOCK JOINT

S. 19.63-6-3 TN HH6 23

TENNESSEE continued

38. 2 PARTS - NAME TWO CONDITIONS THAT ARE CONDUCTIVE TO THE SPREAD OF ENCEPHALOMYELITIS.
- A. 1. ADEQUATE AND ADJACENT NUMBERS OF RESERVOIR (INFECTED ANIMALS)
2. SUFFICIENT QUANTITIES OF VIRUSES
3. QUANTITIES OF INSECT VECTORS
4. SUSCEPTIBLE HORSES AND HUMANS
- S. 19.62-31 TN AYHC 625-1

VIRGINIA

39. WHAT IS A MORE COMMON NAME FOR LARYNGEAL HEMIPLEGIA?
- A. ROARING
- S. 19.634-3 VA AYHC 810-3
40. 2 PARTS - NAME TWO CLASSIFICATIONS OF BONES, FOUND IN THE SKELETAL SYSTEM AND GIVE THE FUNCTION OF EACH TYPE YOU SELECT.
- | A. | <u>BONE TYPE</u> | <u>FUNCTION</u> |
|----|-------------------------|---|
| | 1. LONG BONES | SUPPORTS WEIGHT – LOCOMOTION
- LEVERS |
| | 2. SHORT BONES | ABSORB CONCUSSION |
| | 3. FLAT BONES | PROTECTS VITAL ORGANS –
MUSCLE ATTACH. |
| | 4. IRREGULAR | PROTECTS CENTRAL NERVOUS
SYSTEM |
- S. 19.6316-3 VA TH2 90

VERMONT

41. WHICH PART OF THE HORSE'S BRAIN IS RESPONSIBLE FOR BALANCE AND MUSCLE COORDINATION?
- A. CEREBELLUM
- S. 19.6316-1 VT IVE 549
42. 2 PARTS - DESCRIBE QUIDDING AND GIVE ONE EXAMPLE OF WHAT CAUSES IT.
- A. 1. **QUIDDING** - SLOBBERING, WALLOWING GRAIN IN MOUTH, DROPPING GRAIN ON THE GROUND
2. **CAUSE** - A SORE MOUTH OR DENTAL PROBLEMS
- S. 19.670 VT LL2 401

WASHINGTON

43. NAME ONE OF THE TWO TENDONS INVOLVED WITH THE ACHILLES TENDONS.
- A. 1. SUPERFICIAL FLEXOR TENDON
2. TENDON OF THE GASTROCNEMIUS MUSCLE.
- S. 19.6316-1 WA IVE 223
44. 2 PARTS - NAME THE COUNTRY AND THE PEOPLE WHO WERE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE WESTERN SADDLE
- A. 1. **COUNTRY** - NEW MEXICO
2. **PEOPLE** - SPANIARDS
- S. 19.6510 WA HH6 336

CC QUESTIONS continued

50. HOW IS A HORSE'S MANE FITTED FOR A DRESSAGE CLASS?
- A. MANE MUST BE BRAIDED AND FASTENED INTO SHORT BRAIDS WITH RUBBER BANDS
 - S. 19.6319-8 CC HH6 75
51. **TOSS UP** - WHY IS THE NORMAL CLOTTING PROCESS OF THE HORSE'S BLOOD VERY IMPORTANT?
- A. NORMAL CLOTTING HELPS INSURE THAT LARGE QUANTITIES OF BLOOD WILL NOT BE LOST FROM INJURY TO THE HORSE'S VASCULAR SYSTEM
 - S. 19.6316-1 CC IVE 455
52. **BONUS** - IN THE HEALTH CARE PROGRAM FOR YOUR HORSE, NAME THE FIVE OF THE RECOMMENDED VACCINATIONS THAT YOUR HORSE NEEDS.
- A. 1. EEG - WEE ENCEPHALOMYELITIS / Sleeping sickness
2. EQUINE VIRAL RHINOPNEUMONITIS / Equine herpes
3. EQUINE INFLUENZA
4. EQUINE VIRAL ARTERITIS
5. STRANGLES / DISTEMPER
6. TETANUS
7. POTOMAC HORSE FEVER
8. RABIES (if there is an outbreak in the area)
 - S. 19.62-31 CC HH6 261 LL2 166

CC QUESTIONS continued

53. **TOSS UP** - 3 PARTS - NAME ONE 2 BEAT LATERAL GAIT AND TWO 3 BEAT DIAGONAL GAITS.

A. **1 LATERAL 2 BEAT GAITS**

1. PACE

2 DIAGONAL 3 BEAT GAITS

2. CANTER,
3. LOPE / JOG TROT

S. 19.687 CC HH6 66, 67, 68

54. **BONUS** - 6 PARTS - NAME FOUR DIAGONAL 4 BEAT GAITS AND TWO LATERAL 4 BEAT GAITS.

A. **4 DIAGONAL 4 BEAT GAITS**

1. WALK 4. RUNNING WALK 7. RACK
2. GALLOP/RUN 5. SLOW GAIT 8. AMBLE
3. HAND GALLOP 6. FOX TROT

2 LATERAL 4 BEAT GAITS

1. STEPPING PACE
2. AMBLE

S. 19.687 CC HH6 66, 67, 68, 69
 TH2 31, 39, 42, 43, 172, 173